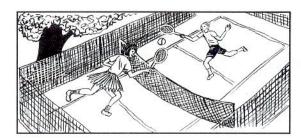
What are you doing tomorrow?





They are playing tennis (now).

He is playing tennis tomorrow.

We use **am/is/are** + **-ing** (present continuous) for something happening now:

- 'Where are Sue and Caroline?' 'They're playing tennis in the park.'
- Please be quiet. I'm working.

We also use **am/is/are** + **-ing** for the *future* (tomorrow / next week *etc.*):

- Andrew is playing tennis tomorrow.
- I'm not working next week.
- I am doing something tomorrow = I have arranged to do it, I have a plan to do it:
 - Alice is going to the dentist on Friday. (= she has an appointment to see the dentist)
 - We're having a party next weekend.
 - Are you meeting Bill this evening?
 - What are you doing tomorrow evening?
 - I'm not going out tonight. I'm staying at home.

You can also say 'I'm going to do something' (⇒ Unit 27).



- Do not use the present simple (I stay / do you go etc.) for plans and arrangements:
 - I'm staying at home this evening. (not 'I stay')
 - Are you going out tonight? (not 'Do you go')
 - Ann isn't coming to the party next week. (not 'Ann doesn't come')

But we use the present simple for timetables, programmes, trains, buses etc.:

- The train arrives at 7.30.
- What time does the film finish?

Compare:

present continuous – usually for people

- I'm going to a concert tomorrow.
- What time are you leaving?

present simple – timetables, programmes etc.

- The concert **starts** at 7.30.
- What time does your train leave?

26.3

26.1 Look at the pictures. What are these people doing next Friday?

				Maria and a second a second and	
	Andrew	2 RICHARD	3 BARBARA	4 DENISE	5 TOM AND SUE
	Richard	ying tennis on Fric	cinema. 5		lunch with Ken.
ıW	ite questions. All tl	ne sentences are futu	ire.		
1 2 3	(you / go / out / (you / work / ne (what / you / do	/ tonight?) ext week?) o / tomorrow even or friends / arrive?)	ing?)		
Wr	ite sentences abou	t yourself. What are	you doing in the next	few days?	
1 2 3 4 5 6		e theatre on Mono			
Put	the verb in the pre	esent continuous (he	is leaving etc.) or pro	esent simple (the tra	ain leaves etc.).
1	· Are you going	(you/go) out th	is evening?' 'No,	I'm too tired.'	32
2	We're going	. (we/go) to a cond	ert this evening	lt starts (it/stai	rt) at 7.30.
					married next month
4			(go)		еек.
5					
	(finish) on Frida	ny.			
6			/ but		
7					Why don't you come
Q			(we/meet) at J		'clock. [,] tomorrow? By taxi?
O	B: No. I can go	by bus. The last b	us (you/get) ne	nne aiter the party (1	eave) at midnight
9	A: Do you wan	it to go to the cine	ma tonight?	4	care, at midingit.
	B: Yes, what tin	ne		(the film / be	egin)?
10			(you/do) r	ext Monday after	noon?
	B:		(I/work).		

I'm going to ...



She is going to watch TV this evening.

We use **am/is/are going to**... for the *future*:

I	am	(not) going to	do
he/she/it	is		drink
we/you/they	are		watch

am	I		buy ?
is	he/she/it	going to	eat ?
are	we/you/they		wear?

I am going to do something = I have decided to do it, my intention is to do it:

I'm going to do it I decided to do it — future past NOW

- I'm going to buy some books tomorrow.
- Sarah is going to sell her car.
- I'm not going to have breakfast this morning. I'm not hungry.
- What are you going to wear to the party tonight?
- 'Your hands are dirty.' 'Yes, I know. I'm going to wash them.'
- Are you going to invite John to your party?

We also use the present continuous (I am doing) for the future, usually for arrangements (⇒ Unit 26):

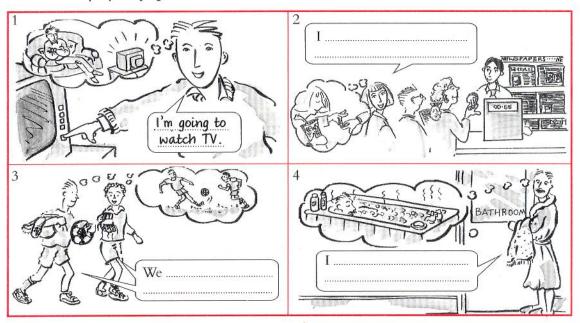
- I am playing tennis with Julia tomorrow.
- Something is going to happen

Something **is going to happen** = it is clear *now* that it is sure to happen:

- Look at the sky! It's going to rain. (black clouds $now \rightarrow rain$)
- Oh dear! It's 9 o'clock and I'm not ready. I'm going to be late. (9 o'clock *now* and not ready \rightarrow late)



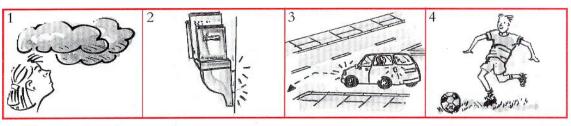
27.1 What are these people saying?



27.2 Complete the sentences. Use **going to** + one of these verbs:

ea	t do	give	lie down	stay	walk	wash	watch	wear	
1	My hands	are dirty.	I'm going to ng to wear	wash	them.				
			ome by bus. I .						
4	John is goi	ng to Lon	don next weel	k. He			v	ith some fr	iends
5	I'm hungr	y. I	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		this	sandwich.			
6	It's Sharon	's birthday	next week. W	/e			her	a present.	
7	Sue says sh	e's feeling	very tired. Sh	e			for a	n hour.	
8	There's a g	ood film	on TV this eve	ning		you			it?
			Rachel						sent. ur. it?

27.3 Look at the pictures. What is going to happen?



1	It's going to rain.	3	The car
2	The shelf	4	He

What are you going to do today or tomorrow? Write three sentences.

1	I'm
2	
3	

will/shall (1)





Sarah goes to work every day. She is always there from 8.30 until 4.30.

It is 11 o'clock now. Sarah is at work.

At 11 o'clock yesterday, she was at work.

At 11 o'clock tomorrow, she will be at work.

will + infinitive (will be / will win / will come etc.):

I/we/you/they he/she/it	will ('ll) will not (won't)	be win eat come etc.
-------------------------	-----------------------------	-------------------------------

will	I/we/you/they he/she/it	be? win? eat? come? etc.
------	----------------------------	--------------------------

'll = will: I'll (I will) / you'll / she'll etc. won't = will not: I won't (= I will not) / you won't / she won't etc.

- B We use **will** for the *future* (**tomorrow** / **next week** *etc.*):
 - Sue travels a lot. Today she is in Madrid. Tomorrow she'll be in Rome. Next week she'll be in Tokyo.
 - You can phone me this evening. I'll be at home.
 - Leave the old bread in the garden. The birds will eat it.
 - We'll probably go out this evening.
 - Will you be at home this evening?
 - I won't be here tomorrow. (= I will not be here)
 - Don't drink coffee before you go to bed. You won't sleep.

We often say I think ... will ...:

- I think Diana will pass the exam.
- I don't think it will rain this afternoon.
- Do you think the exam will be difficult?
- C We do not use will for things we have arranged or decided to do (\Rightarrow Units 26-27):
 - We're going to the cinema on Saturday. (not 'We will go')
 - I'm not working tomorrow. (not 'I won't work')
 - Are you going to do the exam? (not 'Will you do')
- n Shall

You can say **I shall** (= I will) and **we shall** (= we will):

- I shall be late tomorrow. I will (I'll) be late tomorrow. or
- I think we shall win. I think we will (we'll) win. or

But do not use shall with you/they/he/she/it:

• Tom will be late. (not 'Tom shall be')

28.1	Helen is travelling in Europe. Complete the sentences with she was, she's or she'll be.
	1 Yesterday she was in Paris. 2 Tomorrow in Amsterdam. 3 Last week in Barcelona. 4 Next week in London. 5 At the moment in Brussels. 6 Three days ago in Munich. 7 At the end of her trip very tired. HELEN CAMSTERDAM (TOMORROW) BRUSSELS (NOW) PARIS (YESTERDAY) MUNICH (3 DAYS AGO)
28.2	Where will you be? Write sentences about yourself. Use:
	I'll be or I'll probably be or I don't know where I'll be.
	1 (at 10 o'clock tomorrow) 1'll probably be on the beach. OR I'll be at work. OR I don't know where I'll be. 2 (one hour from now) 3 (at midnight tonight) 4 (at 3 o'clock tomorrow afternoon) 5 (two years from now)
28.3	Put in will ('II) or won't.
	1 Don't drink coffee before you go to bed. You won't sleep. 2 'Are you ready yet?' 'Not yet. I be ready in five minutes.' 3 I'm going away for a few days. I'm leaving tonight, so I be at home tomorrow. 4 It rain, so you don't need to take an umbrella. 5 A: I don't feel very well this evening. B: Well, go to bed early and you feel better in the morning. 6 It's Bill's birthday next Monday. He be 25. 7 I'm sorry I was late this morning. It happen again.
28.4	Write sentences beginning I think or I don't think
	1 (Diana will pass the exam) 2 (Diana won't pass the exam) 3 (we'll win the game) 4 (I won't be here tomorrow) 5 (Sue will like her present) 6 (they won't get married) 7 (you won't enjoy the film)
28.5	Which is right? (Study Unit 26 before you do this exercise.)
	 We'll go / We're going to the theatre tonight. We've got tickets. We're going is right 'What will you do / are you doing tomorrow evening?' 'Nothing. I'm free.' They'll go / They're going away tomorrow morning. Their train is at 8.40. I'm sure she'll lend / she's lending us some money. She's very rich. 'Why are you putting on your coat?' 'I'll go / I'm going out.' Do you think Claire will phone / is phoning us tonight? Steve can't meet us on Saturday. He'll work / He's working. Will / Shall you be at home tomorrow evening?

will/shall (2)





You can use I'll ... (I will) when you offer or decide to do something:

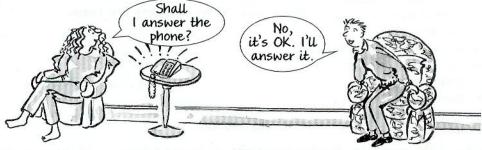
- 'My bag is very heavy.' 'I'll carry it for you.'
- 'I'll phone you tomorrow, OK?' 'OK, goodbye.'

We often say I think I'll ... / I don't think I'll ... when we decide to do something:

- I'm tired. I think I'll go to bed early tonight.
- It's a nice day. I think I'll sit in the garden.
- It's raining. I don't think I'll go out.

Do *not* use the present simple (**I go** / **I phone** *etc.*) in sentences like these:

- I'll phone you tomorrow, OK? (not 'I phone you')
- I think I'll go to bed early. (not 'I go to bed')
- В Do not use I'll ... for something you decided before (\Rightarrow Units 26-27):
 - I'm working tomorrow. (not 'I'll work')
 - There's a good film on TV tonight. I'm going to watch it. (not 'I'll watch')
 - What are you doing at the weekend? (not 'What will you do')
- Shall I ... ? Shall we ...?



Shall I/we ...? = Do you think this is a good thing to do? Do you think this is a good idea?

- It's very warm in this room. Shall I open the window?
- 'Shall I phone you this evening?' 'Yes, please.'
- I'm going to a party tonight. What shall I wear?
- It's a nice day. Shall we go for a walk?
- Where shall we go for our holidays this year?
- 'Let's go out this evening.' 'OK, what time shall we meet?'

29.1

Complet	e the sentences.	Use I'll (I will)	+ one of the	se verbs:			
7	carry	do eat	t send	show	sit	stay	1
1	My bag is	very heavy.	I'll car	ry it for	you.		
2		our holiday.					you a postcard.
3	I don't want						
4		ant a chair?	No it's	OK			on the floor.
5							
		none Jenny?	5-075-1				
6	Are you comir						here.
7 H	ow do you use t	nis camera?	Give it	to me and			you.
Complet	e the sentences.	Use I think I'll	l or I don 'i	t think I'll .	+ one	of these verbs:	
buy	go have	play					
	old today.						
2 I'm l	nungry. I						t.
3 I fee	l tired.				te	nnis.	
4 This	camera is too e	xpensive					it.
		276					
Which is	s right?						
1 Inh	one / I'll phone	vou tomorro	M OKS	I'll phone	is right		
2 I ber	en't done the sl	you tomoric	I do / I'll de	it later	io rigite		
2 I Hav	en t done the si	h / I'll watch	lot of ano	et on TV			
	e sport. <u>I watc</u>						
	ed some exercise				. 1		
	s going to buy						
	s letter is for Ro					give it to her.	
	re you doing /				?		
B: Y	es, <u>I'm going /</u>	TII go out w	ith some fri	ends.			
A/:4	ntanaga with Cha	III 2 Chaor	ao worde fron	n Doy A one	d Dov D		
write se	ntences with Sha	III I ? CHOOS	se words froi	II BOX A allo	ı bux b.		6
RE							
然心智	Δ	on make	В			es the televisi	on \
2:3	turi	off open		the wind	low	the light	TOP
3000	\						<u> </u>
	It's very warm	in this room	She	all I open	the w	indow?	
l met :							
2 Thi:	s programme is						
		I'm hungry					
4	It's dark	in this room	.] : [
		uda reda sele				5 1-1-1	317 4
Nrite se	ntences with Sha	III we ? Cho	oose words fr	om Box A a	and Box	B.	
*	s I i	1.		la constant		1	*****
E /	A what	where	е В		invite		< € 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
1	What	time who	74 L L L Z	go i	meet		15 311
75	1					documents of the same of the s	
1	Lat's m	o out tonight	OK	what t	ime sh	all we meet?	100.000
1				The commence of the comment			
2	15 kg C 9/h	ave a holiday	10.7080688				
3	Let's spend	some money	7. OK	·• ·······			